



What happened at ESA's Meteor Research Group in 2010/11?

D. Koschny

*Keplerlaan 1, Postbus 299
2200 AG Noordwijk, The Netherlands*

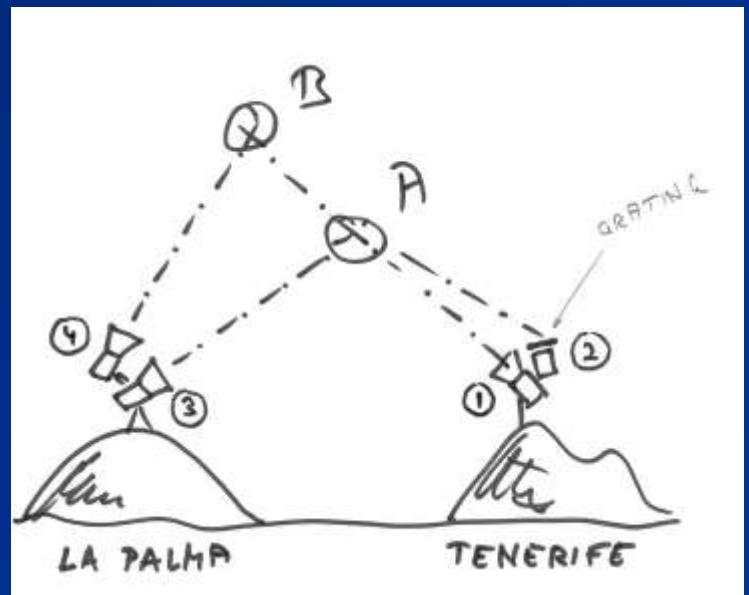
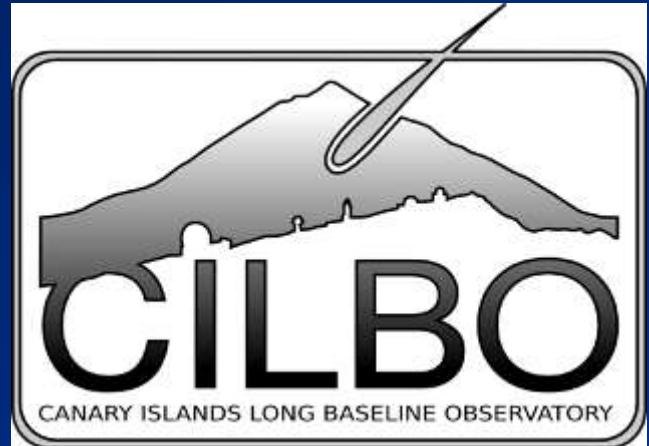
Detlef.Koschny@esa.int

CILBO
Spectra
Flux
Meteoroid model

VMO
Theoretical work
Geminids 2010
The future

Presented at the IMC 2011, Sibiu, Romania

- CILBO = Double-station setup on the Canary islands
- Status:
 - First roll-off roof on Tenerife
 - But: Intensifiers kept breaking
 - Are being fixed by manufacturer
 - Weather report coming in every morning from Tenerife via email
 - Setup on La Palma still to be done





IAC
OSS
GONG

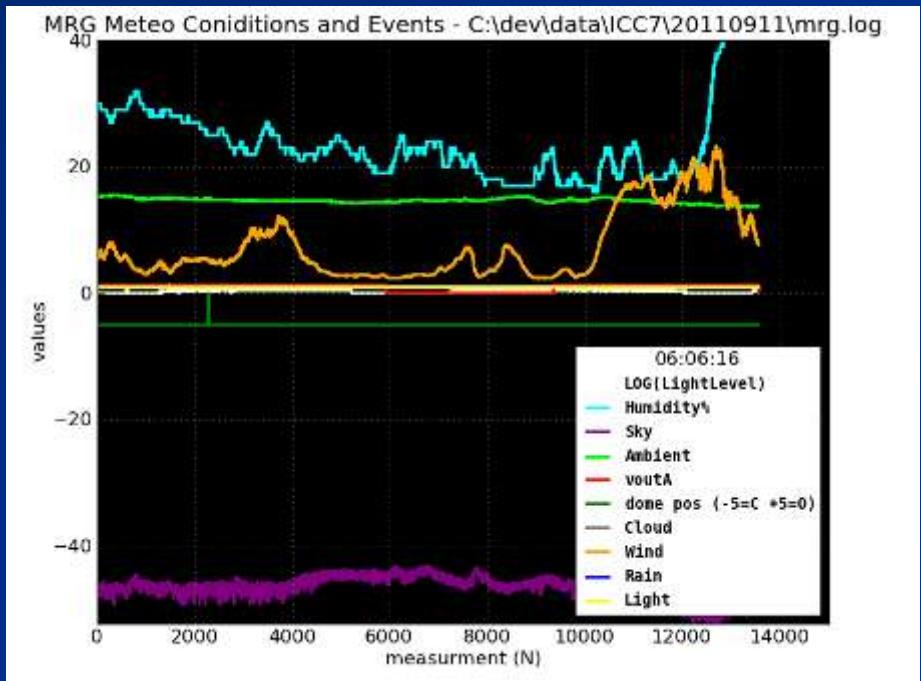


LEWIS ISLAND WEATHER STATION, 12 SEP 2011





- Support to Sirko for MetRec on Windows
- Generation of an automation software to
 - Check weather data
 - Check sun elevation and lunar distance to the field of view
 - Open/close a motorized roof
 - Switch on/off camera and intensifiers
 - Send data to ftp server every morning
 - Send email with summary info and link to data every morning
- Remote login via logmein.com



Message: Successfully transferred data file
File: ftp://www.rssd.esa.int/pub/hsmi/mrg_data_20110911.tar.gz
Size: 7264800 bytes
Application: autoarchive v2.8 Aug 5 2011
Monitor Image: ftp://www.rssd.esa.int/pub/hsmi/mrg.png
Ephemeris: ftp://www.rssd.esa.int/pub/hsmi/fov.html
This email has been automatically generated. Please, do not respond.

Regards, SpcRec application

Archive contents

=====

<snip>

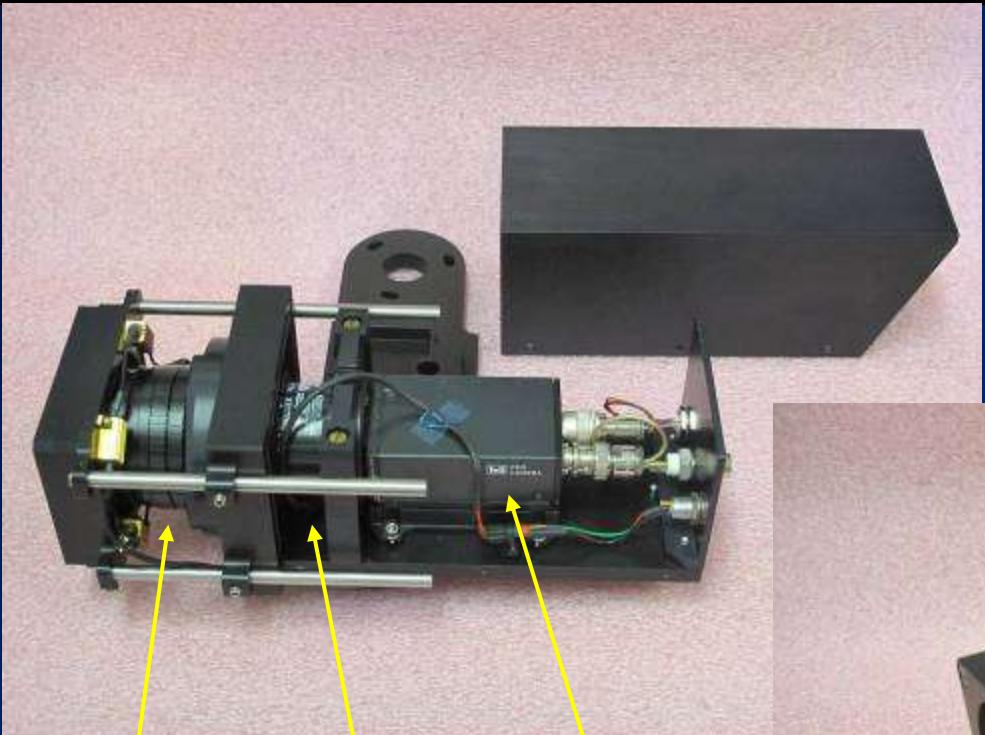
===== end of contents =====

MRG Events

=====

2011-09-11 06:06:39.369	STAT: Recording from 2011-09-11T19:59:21 to 2011-09-12T06:06:10
2011-09-11 06:06:39.369	STAT: Moon FOV from 2011-09-12T00:29:21 to 2011-09-12T03:00:21
2011-09-11 06:06:39.728	WARN: last ping time exceed 9000ms. Ping time dif = 53953ms.
2011-09-11 06:06:39.744	STAT: autocloud:on;
2011-09-11 06:26:22.759	STAT: light:on;
2011-09-11 19:41:22.446	STAT: light:off;
2011-09-11 19:59:23.008	STAT: observing:on;
2011-09-11 19:59:32.899	STAT: metrec:on;camera:on;intensifiers:on;
<snip>	
2011-09-12 00:29:22.155	STAT: moon_fov:on;
2011-09-12 00:29:22.155	FAIL: Moon FOV warning. Turning off camera.
2011-09-12 00:29:24.889	STAT: camera:off;intensifiers:off;
2011-09-12 03:00:22.067	STAT: moon_fov:off;
2011-09-12 03:00:22.067	SAFE: Moon is leaving FOV. Turning on camera. Opening dome.
2011-09-12 03:00:36.692	STAT: autocloud:off;camera:on;intensifiers:on;auto_cloud_reset:triggered;
2011-09-12 03:00:44.942	WARN: dome fault. Initiating comm cycle
2011-09-12 03:00:45.099	ERROR: Unitronics interface first command empty!
2011-09-12 03:00:48.817	STAT: autocloud:on;
2011-09-12 06:00:04.730	STAT: metrec:off;
2011-09-12 06:06:11.667	STAT: observing:off;
2011-09-12 06:06:16.433	STAT: autocloud:off;camera:off;intensifiers:off;
===== end of events =====	

The camera

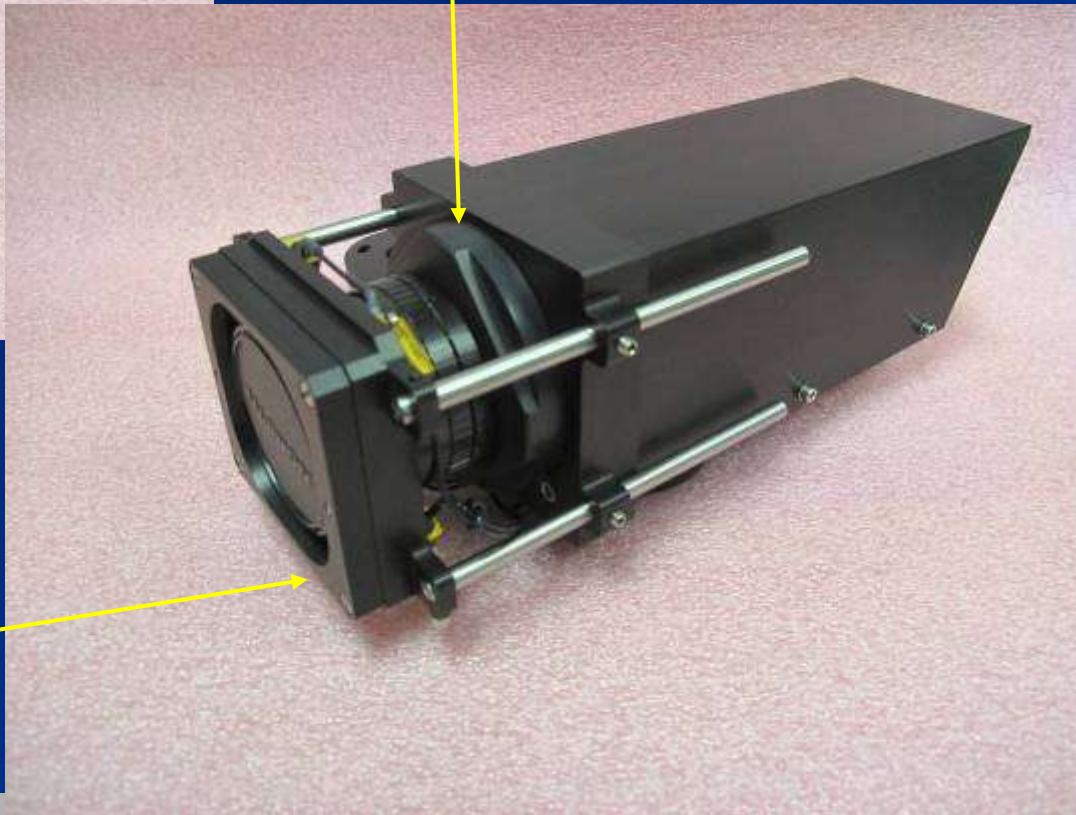


lens

Intensifier

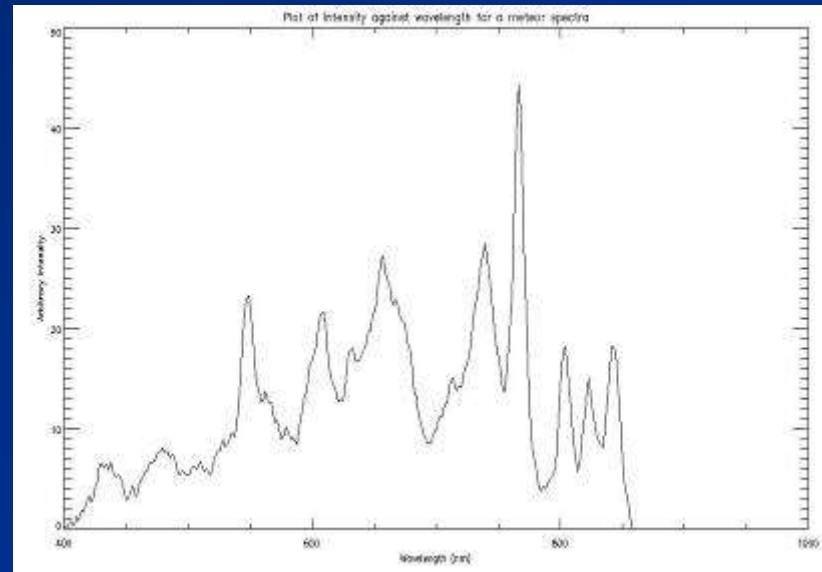
Video
camera

Holder for grating

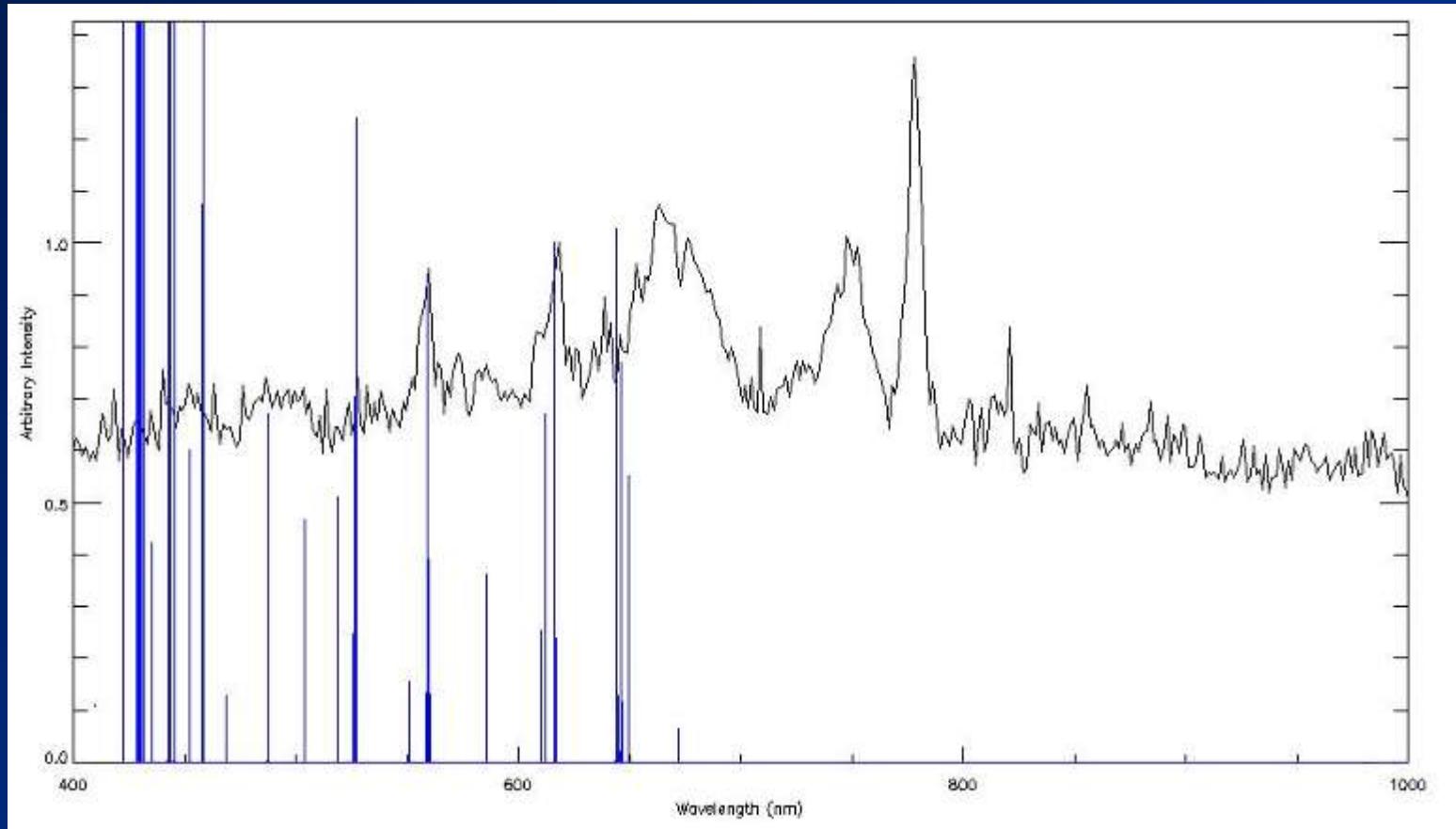


Adapter for different
lenses

- Two summer students helping us to understand analysis of spectra
- We use a software called PARADE to simulate spectra
 - Input chemical element(s), temperature
 - Output: simulated spectrum
 - Compare to existing spectra



- A measured spectrum (spectrally calibrated), with simulated Ca-spectrum in blue





- PARADE was written for modelling the entry of spacecraft under ESA contract
- Its database does not yet contain relevant elements for meteor spectrum analysis
- It only runs on Unix
- Not user-friendly at all, needs a steep learning curve
- We'll continue working with it – but need more work to actually be able to use it properly
- Current spectral fits show two temperature regimes for the one analyzed meteor (~6000 K and ~10000 K)



- Paco Ocana's code presented at the IMC 2010 was validated
- Code reproduces both the Brown 1999 and the Bello-Rubio 2002 data
- Validation of MetRec flux determination to come

```
74 flux_v0r93.py - C:\Documents and Settings\Detlef Koschny\My Documents\Python_pro... - □ X
File Edit Format Run Options Windows Help
beta = atan (tanh / cosh)
cosbeta = cos (beta)
h_altitude = abs (atan (tanh * cosbeta)) # could become negative
h_altitudedeg = degrees (h_altitude)

# Now save the x, y, z positions in arrays
xarr.append (x)
yarr.append (y)
zarr.append (z)
harr.append (h_altitudedeg)

cntr = cntr + 1
#endif k
#endif j

# Now we compute the areas:
cntr = 0
cntrarea = 0

# Python-specific: range (a, n) returns an array starting at a, with
# n elements.
for j in range (0, ns):
    # Only ns - 1 steps since there are only ns - 1 spaces between j <= n
    # rows
    #print "j = ", j
    for k in range (0, nw+1):
        if (cntr % (nw+1) != nw): # Excludes the right-most points
            11 = xarr [cntr] - xarr [cntr + 1] # Top
            12 = xarr [cntr + nw + 1] - xarr [cntr + nw + 2] # Bottom
            13 = yarr [cntr] - yarr [cntr + nw + 1] # Left
            14 = yarr [cntr + 1] - yarr [cntr + nw + 2] # Right

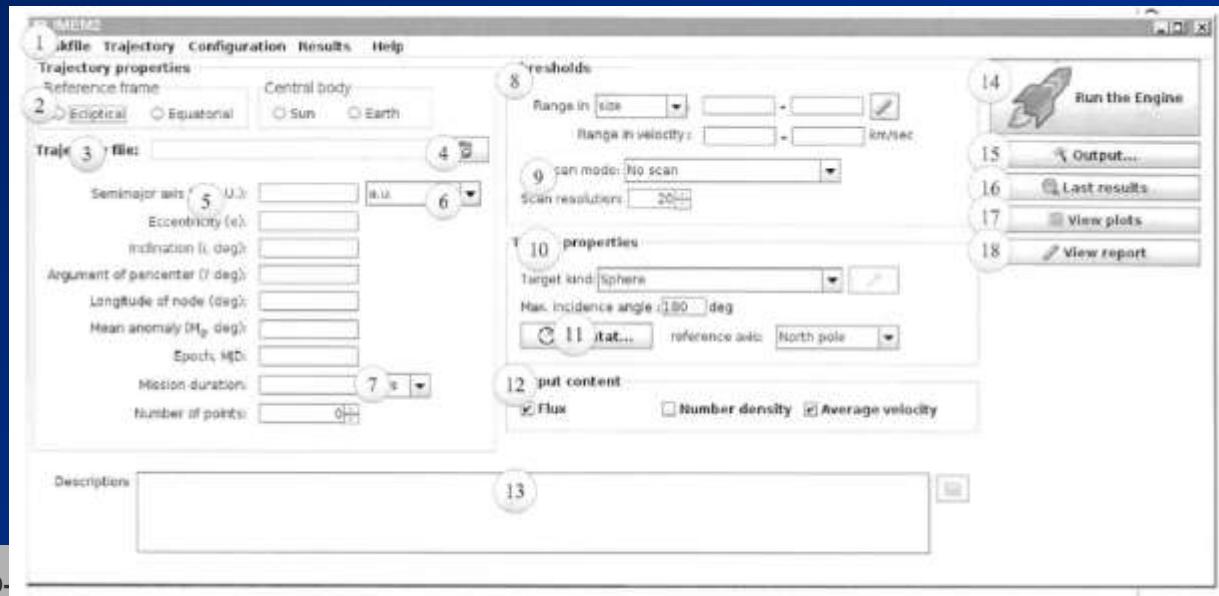
            areaj [0] = 11 * 13
            areaj [1] = 12 * 14
            areaj [2] = 11 * 14
            areaj [3] = 12 * 13

            areaavg = (areaj [0] + areaj [1] + areaj [2] + areaj [3])/4
            areai.append (areaavg)

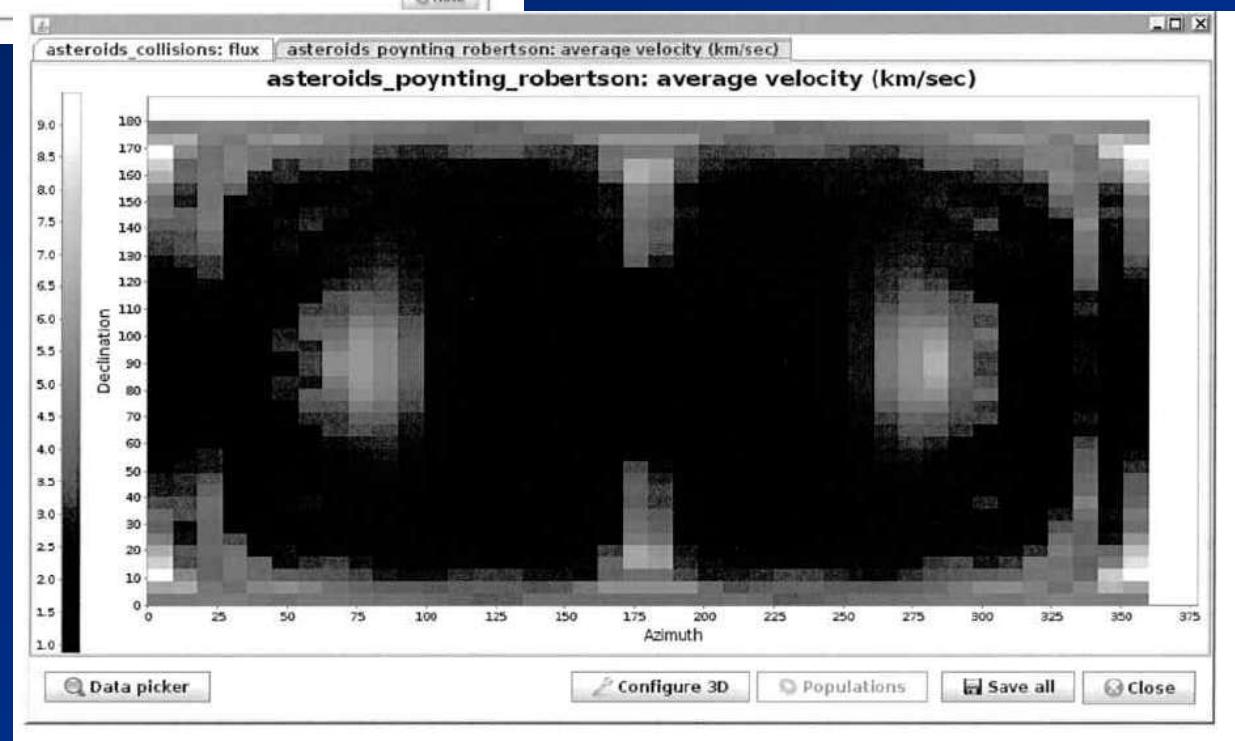
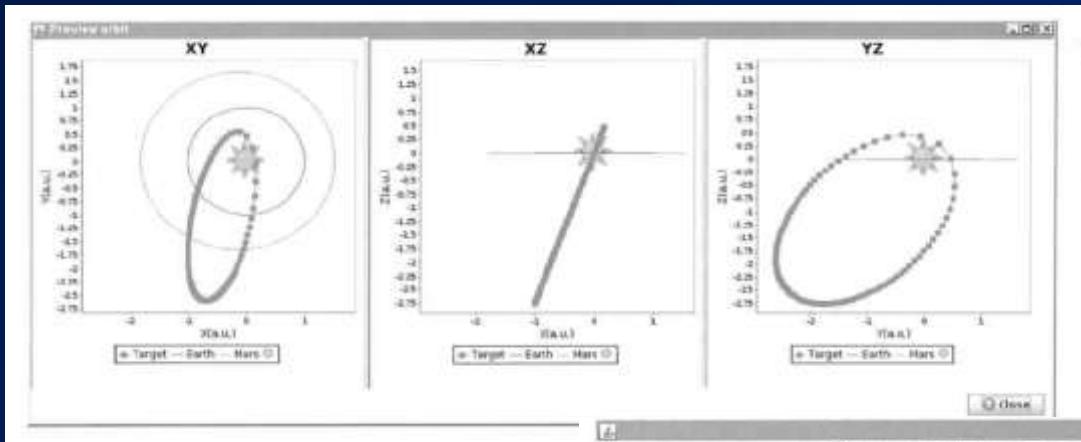
            # Using the distance we compute a 'reduced' area taking the
            # extinction into account.
            # airmass comes from Pickering, K. A. 2002, The Southern Limi
            # of the Ancient Star Catalog, DIO 12:1, p. 22 (footnote).
```



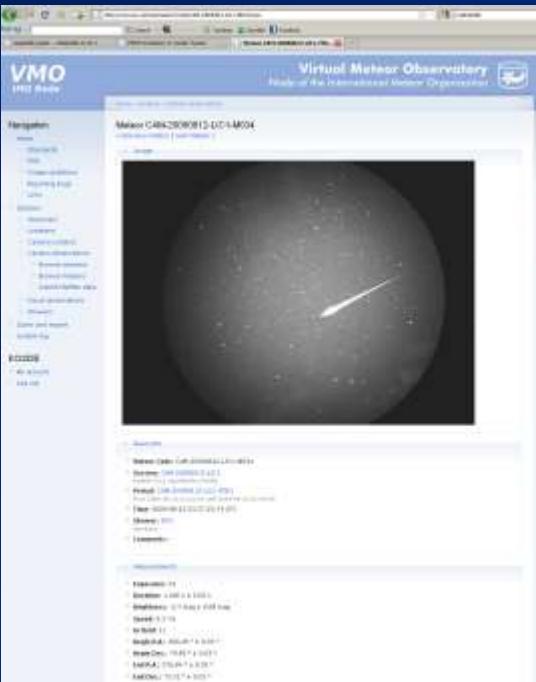
- Update of the ESA Interplanetary Meteoroid Engineering Model (IMEM) last year – more user-friendly!
- As announced last year (Drolshagen): Preparing for a new contract - Interplanetary Micrometeoroid Environment for (human) eXploration (IMEX)
- Incorporating optical data is planned
- Invitation to Tender before end 2011
- Another project coming up: Mitigation measures and impact effects



Some IMEM visualisations



- Maintenance of the server
 - Outcome of MOD WS #04:
Start a “VMO developer” group to push further in making the VMO a functioning meteor data archive.





- With M. Gritsevich (Moskau) + T. Kohout (Finland)
- Fitting dynamical model to deceleration data
- Trying to link with photometrical models to better constrain small objects
- See Icarus 212/2 (2011), 877-884

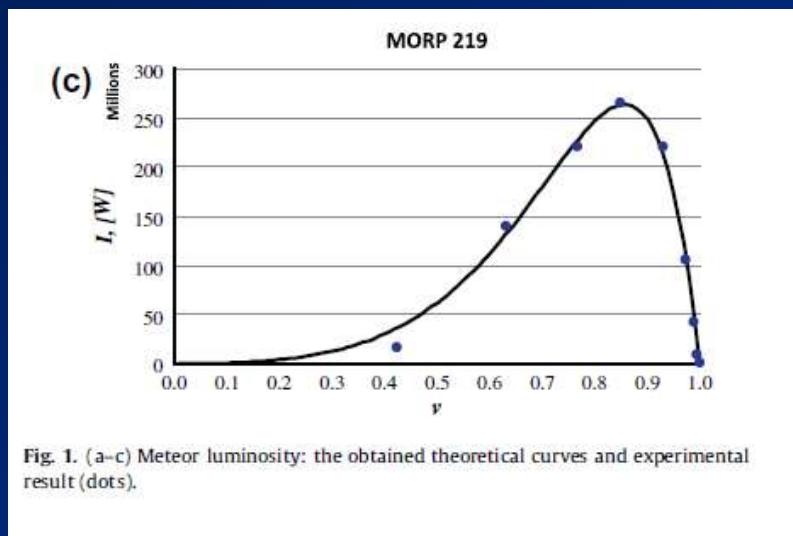


Fig. 1. (a-c) Meteor luminosity: the obtained theoretical curves and experimental result (dots).

$$\begin{aligned}
 I &= -\tau \cdot \frac{d(MV^2/2)}{dt} = -\tau \cdot \left(\frac{V^2}{2} \frac{dM}{dt} + MV \frac{dV}{dt} \right) \\
 &= -\tau \cdot \left(M_e V_e \frac{\beta v^3}{1-\mu} + M_e V_e v \right) \exp \left(-\beta \frac{1-v^2}{1-\mu} \right) \frac{dV}{dt} \\
 &= \tau \cdot \frac{M_e V_e^3 \sin \gamma}{2h_0} v^3 \cdot (\bar{Ei}(\beta) - \bar{Ei}(\beta v^2)) \cdot \left(\frac{\beta v^2}{1-\mu} + 1 \right) \\
 &\quad \cdot \exp \left(\beta \frac{(\mu v^2 - 1)}{1-\mu} \right) \\
 &= \tau \cdot \frac{M_e V_e^3 \sin \gamma}{2h_0} f(v)
 \end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(v) &= v^3 \cdot (\bar{Ei}(\beta) - \bar{Ei}(\beta v^2)) \cdot \left(\frac{\beta v^2}{1-\mu} + 1 \right) \\
 &\quad \cdot \exp \left(\beta \frac{(\mu v^2 - 1)}{1-\mu} \right)
 \end{aligned} \tag{14}$$



- Observing campaign parallel to a rocket launch campaign in Andoya, Norway
- Combining cameras with radar for flux measurement
- Optical meteor observations + radar head echo observations
- Observations compromised by aurorae









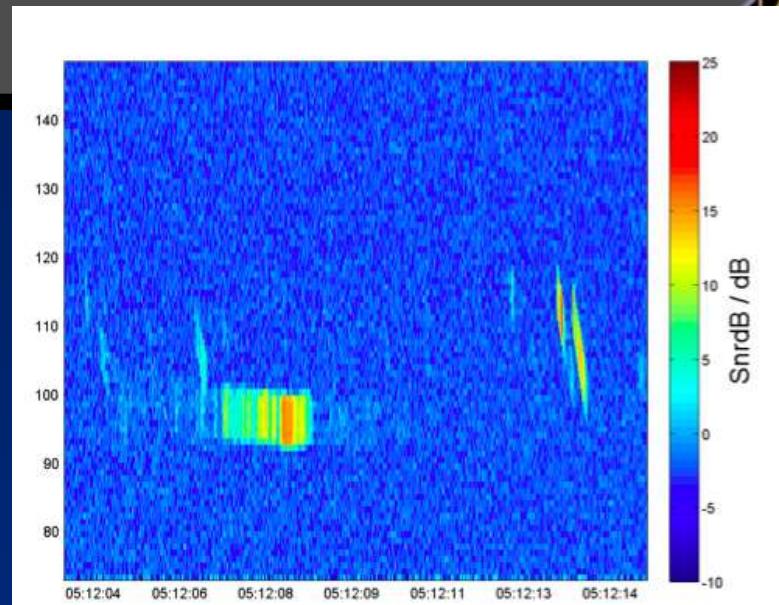
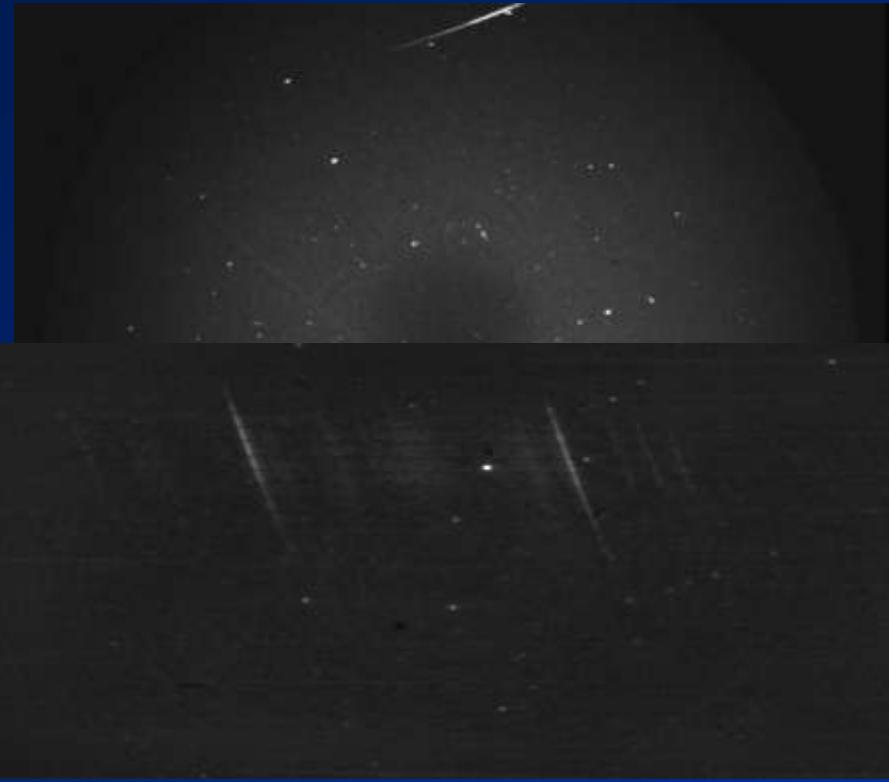


Image: A. Knofel





- Double-station meteor with head-echo and spectrum



- Finish CILBO
- Get back to the VMO
- Participation in Draconid airplane campaigns



